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Efficacy Information

SKU.1020 - Clinical Midi Wipes 200 Count

The efficacy as shown below has been independently tested. Tested using fluid extracted from the wipe substrate.

Study Title	Target Organism	Result
BS EN 13727: 2015 Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics - Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of bactericidal activity in the medical area Test method and requirements (phase 2, step 1)	Staphylococcus aureus Enterococcus hirae Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Passed in 60 Seconds Under dirty conditions log reduction: \geq 5 log10
BS EN 1276: 2019 Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics - Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of bactericidal activity of chemical disinfectants and antiseptics used in food, industrial, domestic and institutional areas Test method and requirements, (phase 2, step 1)	Pseudomonas aeruginosa Escherichia coli Staphylococcus aureus Enterococcus hirae	Passed in 60 Seconds Under clean conditions log reduction: ≥ 5 log10
BS EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019 Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics - Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of bactericidal activity in the medical area Test method and requirements (phase 2, step 1)	Vaccinia virus VR-1549 (Elstree strain / Vero Cells)	Passed in 60 Seconds Under clean conditions log reduction: ≥ 4 log10

This product therefore is effective against all enveloped viruses as defined in EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019 Annex A*. (This therefore includes all coronaviruses and SARS-CoV-2.)

*EN 14476 2013 + A2 2019 Annex A (informative - Enveloped viruses)

Reference: Van Regenmortel MHV et al.,Eds.: Virus Taxonomy, Classification and Nomenclature of Viruses, seventh report of the international committee on taxonomy of viruses. Academic Press, San Diego, 2000

- Poxviridae
- Herpesviridae
- Flavivirus
- Paramyxoviridae
- Rubella Virus

- Hepatitis C Virus (HCV)
- Influenza Virus
- Measles Virus
- Hepatitis Delta Virus (HDV)
- Rabies Virus

- Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
- Human T Cell Leukemia Virus (HTLV)
- Hepatitis B virus (HBV)
- Filoviridae (e.g. Ebola, Marburg)
- Coronavirus (e.g. SARS, MERS)